

Content Management System and Digital Preservation: Issues and Challenges

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ABSTRACT: Content management of Digital preservation is a formal venture to ensure that digital information of continuing value remains accessible and usable. It involves planning, resource allocation, and application of preservation methods and technologies, and it combines policies, strategies and actions to ensure access to digital content, regardless of the challenges of media failure and technological change. This paper highlights the need and importance of digital preservation and content management system for an effective way of, enhancing scholarly communication. The paper also discusses about various issues and challenges of digital archiving in the cloud age.

Keywords: Digital Preservation, Content Management, Digital System

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1. Introduction

Now a days we are living in a paperless society. digital information is need for each and every individual in day today life. without this information we are not live properly.

This paper intends to give an understanding of cloud storage and its potential contribution to their digital preservation and content management system. Planning and decision making to preserve and distribute valuable collections of any archives need to consider many factors. Cloud storage services proves to be a better solution for an integrated digital preservation environment consisting of systems, storage, policies, and people providing secure back up for preservation copies. Storage and band width needs Depend upon the anticipated usage, security concerns and performance requirements.

2. Digital Preservation

Digital preservation is the active management of digital content over time to ensure ongoing access. It is the series of actions and interventions required to ensure continued and reliable access to authentic digital objects for as long as they are deemed to be of value. This encompasses not just technical activities, but also all of the strategic and organizational considerations that relate to the survival and management of digital material. The goal of digital preservation is to maintain the ability to display,

retrieve and use digital collections in the face of rapidly changing technological and organizational infrastructures and elements.

3. Need for Digital Preservation

The rapid growth of information has led to technological changes and the digital archiving has become a necessity. Digital preservation ensures continued access to and usability of digital information records over long period of time. Digital archive and preservation services are becoming more prevalent and a basic requirement beyond traditional libraries and content repositories.

The key features of Digital Preservation System are

- Digital preservation system is an effective system for securely moving content in to the archive making sure that they are unchanged and safe.
- Digital Preservation is a data management system which controls the digital objects and disposes them at the right moment.
- The administration role of digital preservation is the controlling of digital objects,
- The techniques of preservation always make sure that digital objects are usable and accessible whenever they are required.
- It also allows the objects to be found and downloaded to appropriate users.

4. Content Management System

Content Management Systems and Digital Preservation do different but overlapping jobs. Digital information is the lifeblood of all institutions and organizations in the cloud era. The process of managing and disseminating this vast content of information is a challenge and their effective control is a crucial part of organizations. The need for storage and retrieval of high volume of content under strict rules controlling the sharing of information among users and organizations can be attained through a proper content management system. The Content Management System can be defined as “a computer application that allows publishing, editing and modifying content, organizing, deleting as well as maintenance from a central interface”. The function and use of content management systems is to store and organize files, and provide version-controlled access to their data. The issues and challenges regarding the management of digital contents efficiently can be handled by a content management system.

5. Cloud Digital Preservation Services

Cloud based Content Management System is capable of handling a heterogeneous set of user devices in a distributed environment. Cloud computing is one of the most rapid growing area of Information Technology. A cloud service which provides digital preservation of information and data includes a comprehensive management and duration function that controls infrastructure, information, data and storage services. Cloud based digital archives and preservation services can offer significant advantages regarding ease of use, power, data centers, security and high availability. Rather than depending solely on internal infrastructure cloud storage helps to achieve cost saving also.

6. Types of Cloud

According to the subscription there are different types of cloud

- 1. Public Cloud:** Public cloud services enable the cloud infrastructure to be used by general public and they offer users the benefits of rapid scalability and low initial set up costs.
- 2. Private Cloud:** A private cloud is owned and operated by an organisation, or a third party on behalf of an organisation.
- 3. Community Cloud:** A community cloud is shared among two or more organizations that have similar cloud requirements.
- 4. Hybrid Cloud:** Hybrid clouds are a composition of two or more distinct cloud infrastructures (private, community, or public) that although remaining distinct are interconnected to allow data transfer.

7. Issues and Challenges

Digital preservation strategy utilizing cloud computing brings a range of legal questions like legal requirements in terms of management, preservation and access placed upon archives and their parent organizations, by their donors and funders via contracts and agreements or via legislation by Government (eg. Accessibility, availability, information security, retention, audit and compliance, Public Records Act etc); legal obligations relating to third party rights in or over the data to be stored (eg. Copyright, data protection) and legal elements of the relationship between an archive and a cloud service provider or providers. Adoption of cloud based content management services presents a number of challenges. The staff will need to acquire skills to manage contracts and in particular to monitor services to ensure service level agreements. It is important to note that any failure of the service resulting from a problem with in house or other services is likely to be outside of the terms of the service level agreement. No service, whether cloud based or not can guarantee 100% availability. We should make assurances from our cloud partners about the arrangements they have for the security of our data, both in terms of the physical and technical security and the level of network connectivity our cloud service provider has.

8. Conclusion

Content management and digital preservation in the cloud age requires a combination of technological and human factors, automatic processes managed and implemented by manual input and policy. The successful integration of right cloud service in our preservation environment will equip the library professionals with the tools to support and manage the preservation of digital collection. Content management will play an important role in the future Internet services enabling on-demand provisioning of applications, platforms and computing infrastructures.

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