

Editorial

We bring the last issue of the **Journal of Science & Technology Metrics** with the below research.

In the first paper on “**Assessment of Scientific Production of Payamnoor University Social Sciences Based on Scientometrics and Altmetrics indicators during 2010-2020**” the authors *Anusheh Andisheh Tadbir, Amir Reza Asnafi and Ali Biranvand* analyzed the quality of scientific products in social sciences at Payame Noor University based on scientometric and Altmetrics indicators in Dimensions and Scopus from the years 2010 to 2020. The current study results showed that the rate of science production of Payame Noor University scholars in the field of Social Sciences is less and needs to change policies and create incentives for science production in this field.

In the second paper on “**The Effect of Altmetrics Indices on the Scientometric Scores of the Most Prolific Authors in the Field of Environment**”, the authors *Ali Biranvand and Zohreh Cheraghi* have studied the effect of various aspects of scientific activities. social networks are based on interaction, collaboration, and partnership. But the extent to which Iranian researchers keep up to date with new Communication technologies and use them only to interact with scientific issues is a challenge that is always raised due to changes in the digital world, the authors concluded.

In the third paper on “**Visual Analysis of Pandemic Disease literature in Global Health perspective: A Scientometric study**”, the authors *Ashish Kumar Ahirwal and Suresh Balutagi* focused on the last two decades’ research articles related to Pandemic Diseases (PDs) In addition, Pandemic Studies research also focuses on the WOS subject categories of Infectious Diseases; immunology and Virology are the most remarkable disciplines

In the last paper on “**An Altmetric Analysis of Scholarly Publications from Earth and Planetary Science Discipline: An Exploratory Study of Indian Publications**”, the authors have studied the use of altmetric data in Indian scholarly publications compared to the world data. This paper has further addressed the relationship among altmetric events (individual or aggregated) with citation scores. The result indicates that around 32.70% of Indian EPS articles are covered in social media, while 35.75% of research articles present at least one altmetric event for world data as the authors claimed.

We will come out with more research in the next volume.

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